2020-2021 EFC FORMULA A: DEPENDENT STUDENT

REGULAR WORKSHEET	Δ
Page 1	

	PARENTS' INCOME IN 2018		
1.	Parents' adjusted gross income (FAFSA/SAR #84) If negative, enter zero.		
2.	Parent 1 (father/mother/stepparent) income earned from work (FAFSA/SAR #86)		
2.	b. Parent 2 (father/mother/stepparent) income earned from work (FAFSA/SAR #87) +		
	Total parents' income earned from work	=	
3.	Taxable income (If tax filers, enter the amount from line 1 above. If non-tax filers, enter the amount from line 2.)*		
4.	Total untaxed income and benefits: (total of FAFSA/SAR #92a through 92h)	+	
5.	Taxable and untaxed income (sum of line 3 and line 4)	=	
6.	Total additional financial information (total of FAFSA/SAR #91a through 91f)	_	
7.	TOTAL INCOME (line 5 minus line 6) May be a negative number.	=	

	ALLOWANCES AGAINST PARENTS' INCO	ME
8.	2018 U.S. income tax paid (FAFSA/SAR #85) (tax filers only) If negative, enter zero.	
9.	State and other tax allowance (Table A1) If negative, enter zero. +	
10.	Parent 1 (father/mother/stepparent) Social Security tax allowance (Table A2) +	
11.	Parent 2 (father/mother/stepparent) Social Security tax allowance (Table A2) +	
12.	Income protection allowance (Table A3) +	
13.	 Employment expense allowance: Two working parents (Parents' Marital Status is "married" or "unmarried and both parents living together"): 35% of the lesser of the earned incomes, or \$4,000, whichever is less One-parent families: 35% of earned income, or \$4,000, whichever is less Two-parent families, one working parent: enter zero 	
14.	TOTAL ALLOWANCES =	

*STOP HERE (at line 3) if the following are true:

Line 3 is \$26,000 or less and

- The parents did not file a Schedule 1 with their IRS Form 1040 or they are not required to file any income tax return ${f or}$
- Anyone included in the parents' household size (as defined on the FAFSA) received benefits during 2018 or 2019 from any of the designated means-tested federal benefit programs or
- · Either of the parents is a dislocated worker.

If these circumstances are true, the Expected Family Contribution is automatically zero.

rage i	
AVAILABLE INCOME	
TOTAL INCOME (from line 7)	
TOTAL ALLOWANCES (from line 14) –	
15. AVAILABLE INCOME (AI) May be a negative number.	

	PARENTS' CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS			
16.	Cash, savings, and checking (FAFSA/SAR #88)			
17.	Net worth of investments** (FAFSA/SAR #89) If negative, enter zero.	+		
18.	Net worth of business and/or investment farm (FAFSA/SAR #90)	+		
	If negative, enter zero.			
19.	Adjusted net worth of business/farm (Calculate using Table A4.)	+		
20.	Net worth (sum of lines 16, 17, and 19)	=		
21.	Education savings and asset protection allowance (Table A5)	-		
22.	Discretionary net worth (line 20 minus line 21)	=		
23.	Asset conversion rate	×	.12	2
24.	CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS If negative, enter zero.	=		

	PARENTS' CONTRIBUTION		
AVA	AILABLE INCOME (AI) (from line 15)		
COì	NTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS (from line 24)	+	
25.	Adjusted available income (AAI) May be a negative number.	=	
26.	Total parents' contribution from AAI (Calculate using Table A6.) If negative, enter zero.		
27.	Number in college in 2020–2021 (Exclude parents.) (FAFSA/SAR #73)	÷	
28.	PARENTS' CONTRIBUTION (standard contribution for nine-month enrollment)*** If negative, enter zero.	=	

^{**}Do *not* include the family's home.

Continued on the next page.

^{***}To calculate the parents' contribution for other than nine-month enrollment, see page 59.



	STUDENT'S INCOME IN 2018	
29.	Adjusted gross income (FAFSA/SAR #36) If negative, enter zero.	
30.	Income earned from work (FAFSA/SAR #38)	
31.	Taxable income (If tax filer, enter the amount from line 29 above. If non-tax filer, enter the amount from line 30.)	
32.	Total untaxed income and benefits (total of FAFSA/SAR #44a through 44i) +	
33.	Taxable and untaxed income (sum of line 31 and line 32) =	
34.	Total additional financial information (total of FAFSA/SAR #43a through 43f)	
35.	TOTAL INCOME (line 33 minus line 34) = May be a negative number.	

	ALLOWANCES AGAINST STUDENT I	NC	OME
36.	2018 U.S. income tax paid (FAFSA/SAR #37 (tax filers only) If negative, enter zero.)	
37.	State and other tax allowance (Table A7) If negative, enter zero.	+	
38.	Social Security tax allowance (Table A2)	+	
39.	Income protection allowance	+	6,840
40.	Allowance for parents' negative Adjusted available income (If line 25 is negative, enter line 25 as a positive number in line 40. If line 25 is zero or positive, enter zero in line 40.)	+	
41.	TOTAL ALLOWANCES	=	

STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM INCOME			
TOTAL INCOME (from line 35)			
TOTAL ALLOWANCES (from line 41)	_		
42. Available income (AI)	=		
43. Assessment of AI	×	.50	
44. STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM AI If negative, enter zero.	=		

STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSI	ETS
45. Cash, savings, and checking (FAFSA/SAR #40)	
46. Net worth of investments* (FAFSA/SAR #41)	
If negative, enter zero +	
47. Net worth of business and/or investment farm (FAFSA/SAR #42)	
If negative, enter zero. +	
48. Net worth (sum of lines 45 through 47) =	
49. Assessment rate ×	.20
50. STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS	=

EXPECTED FAMILY CONTRIBUTION		
PARENTS' CONTRIBUTION (from line 28)		
STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM AI (from line 44)	+	
STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS (from line 50)	+	
51. EXPECTED FAMILY CONTRIBUTION (standard contribution for nine-month enrollment)** If negative, enter zero.	=	

^{*}Do not include the student's home.

^{**}To calculate the EFC for other than nine-month enrollment, see the next page.

Note: Use this additional page to prorate the EFC only if the student will be enrolled for other than nine months and only to determine the student's need for Campus-Based aid or a Direct Subsidized Loan. Do not use this page to prorate the EFC for a Federal Pell Grant or TEACH Grant. The EFC for the Federal Pell Grant Program is the nine-month EFC used in conjunction with the cost of attendance to determine a Federal Pell Grant award from the Payment or Disbursement Schedule.

	REGUI WORK Page 3	SHEET
Calculation of Parents' Contribution for a Student Enrolled LESS than Nine	Months	
A1. Parents' contribution		
(standard contribution for nine-month enrollment, from line 28)		
A2. Divide by 9.	÷	9
A3. Parents' contribution per month	=	
A4. Multiply by number of months of enrollment.	×	
A5. Parents' contribution for LESS than nine-month enrollment	=	
Calculation of Parents' Contribution for a Student Enrolled MORE than Nine	e Months	
B1. Parents' adjusted available income (AAI) (from line 25—may be a negative number)		
B2. Difference between the income protection allowance for a family of four and a family of five, with one in college	+	5,280
B3. Alternate parents' AAI for more than nine-month enrollment (line B1 + line B2)	=	
B4. Total parents' contribution from alternate AAI (calculate using Table A6)		
B5. Number in college (FAFSA/SAR #73)	÷	
B6. Alternate parents' contribution for student (line B4 divided by line B5)	=	
B7. Standard parents' contribution for the student for nine-month enrollment (from line 28)	-	
B8. Difference (line B6 minus line B7)	=	
B9. Divide line B8 by 12 months.	÷	12
B10. Parents' contribution per month	=	
B11. Number of months student will be enrolled that exceeds nine	×	
B12. Adjustment to parents' contribution for months that exceed nine (multiply line B10 by line B11)	=	
B13. Standard parents' contribution for nine-month enrollment (from line 28)	+	
B14. Parents' contribution for MORE than nine-month enrollment	=	
Calculation of Student's Contribution from Available Income (AI) for a Student Enrolled LI	ESS than Nine	Months*
C1. Student's contribution from AI (standard contribution for nine-month enrollment, from line 44)		
C2. Divide by 9.	÷	9
C3. Student's contribution from AI per month	=	
C4. Multiply by number of months of enrollment.	×	

^{*}For students enrolled more than nine months, the standard contribution from AI is used (the amount from line 44).

C5. Student's contribution from AI for LESS than nine-month enrollment

Use next page to calculate total EFC for enrollment periods other than nine months.



Calculation of Total Expected Family Contribution for Periods of Enrollment Other than Nine Months			
Parents' Contribution—use ONE appropriate amount from previous page: • Enter amount from line A5 for enrollment periods less than nine months OR • Enter amount from line B14 for enrollment periods greater than nine months.			
Student's Contribution from Available Income—use ONE appropriate amount from previous page: • Enter amount from line C5 for enrollment periods less than nine months OR • Enter amount from line 44 for enrollment periods greater than nine months.			
Student's Contribution from Assets • Enter amount from line 50. +			
Expected Family Contribution for periods of enrollment other than nine months =			

2020-2021 EFC FORMULA A: DEPENDENT STUDENT

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SIMPLIFIED	
WORKSHEET	
Page 1	ΙĀΝ

	PARENTS' INCOME IN 2018	3	
1.	Parents' adjusted gross income (FAFSA/SAR #84) If negative, enter zero.		
2.	Parent 1 (father/mother/stepparent) income earned from work (FAFSA/SAR #86)		
2.	b. Parent 2 (father/mother/stepparent) income earned from work (FAFSA/SAR #87) +		
_	Total parents' income earned from work		
3.	Taxable income (If tax filers, enter the amount from line 1 above. If non-tax filers, enter the amount from line 2.)*		
4.	Total untaxed income and benefits: (total of FAFSA/SAR #92a through 92h) +		
5.	Taxable and untaxed income (sum of line 3 and line 4)	=	
6.	Total additional financial information (total of FAFSA/SAR #91a through 91f)	_	
7.	TOTAL INCOME (line 5 minus line 6) May be a negative number.	=	

ALLOWANCES AGAINST PARENTS' INCOME			
8.	2018 U.S. income tax paid (FAFSA/SAR #85) (tax filers only) If negative, enter zero.		
9.	State and other tax allowance (Table A1) If negative, enter zero. +		
10.	Parent 1 (father/mother/stepparent) Social Security tax allowance (Table A2) +		
11.	Parent 2 (father/mother/stepparent) Social Security tax allowance (Table A2) +		
12.	Income protection allowance (Table A3) +		
13.	Two working parents (Parents' Marital Status is "married" or "unmarried and both parents living together"): 35% of the lesser of the earned incomes, or \$4,000, whichever is less One-parent families: 35% of earned income, or \$4,000, whichever is less Two-parent families, one working parent: enter zero +		
14.	TOTAL ALLOWANCES =		

*STOP HERE (at line 3) if the following are true:

Line 3 is \$26,000 or less and

- The parents did not file a Schedule 1 with their IRS Form 1040 or they are not required to file any income tax return or
- Anyone included in the parents' household size (as defined on the FAFSA) received benefits during 2018 or 2019 from any of the designated meanstested federal benefit programs or
- · Either of the parents is a dislocated worker.

If these circumstances are true, the Expected Family Contribution is automatically zero.

AVAILABLE INCOME	
TOTAL INCOME (from line 7)	
TOTAL ALLOWANCES (from line 14) -	
15. AVAILABLE INCOME (AI) May be a negative number.	

	PARENTS' CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS				
16.	Cash, savings, and checking (FAFSA/SAR #88))			
17.	Net worth of investments** (FAFSA/SAR #89) If negative, enter zero.	+			
18.	Net worth of business and/or investment farm (FAFSA/SAR #90)	+			
	If negative, enter zero.				
19.	Adjusted net worth of business/farm (Calculate using Table A4.)	+			
20.	Net worth (sum of lines 16, 17, and 19)	=			
21.	Education savings and asset protection allowance (Table A5)	-			
22.	Discretionary net worth (line 20 minus line 21)	=			
23.	Asset conversion rate	×			
24.	CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS If negative, enter zero.	=			

	PARENTS' CONTRIBUTION		
AV	AILABLE INCOME (AI) (from line 15)		
CO	NTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS (from line 24)	+	
25.	Adjusted available income (AAI) May be a negative number.	=	
26.	Total parents' contribution from AAI (Calculate using Table A6.) If negative, enter zero.		
27.	Number in college in 2020–2021 (Exclude parents.) (FAFSA/SAR #73)	÷	
28.	PARENTS' CONTRIBUTION (standard contribution for nine-month enrollment)*** If negative, enter zero.	=	

^{**}Do not include the family's home.

Note: Do <u>not</u> complete the shaded areas; asset information is not required in the simplified formula.

Continued on the next page.

^{***}To calculate the parents' contribution for other than nine-month enrollment, see page 63.



	STUDENT'S INCOME IN 2018		
29.	Adjusted gross income (FAFSA/SAR #36) If negative, enter zero.		
30.	Income earned from work (FAFSA/SAR #38)		
31.	Taxable income (If tax filer, enter the amount from line 29 above. If non-tax filer, enter the amount from line 30.)		
32.	Total untaxed income and benefits (total of FAFSA/SAR #44a through 44i)	+	
33.	Taxable and untaxed income (sum of line 31 and line 32)	=	
34.	Total additional financial information (total of FAFSA/SAR #43a through 43f)	_	
35.	TOTAL INCOME (line 33 minus line 34) May be a negative number.	=	

	ALLOWANCES AGAINST STUDENT	INC	OME
36.	2018 U.S. income tax paid (FAFSA/SAR $\#37$) (tax filers only) If negative, enter zero.		
37.	State and other tax allowance (Table A7) If negative, enter zero.	+	
38.	Social Security tax allowance (Table A2)	+	
39.	Income protection allowance	+	6,840
40.	Allowance for parents' negative adjusted available income (If line 25 is negative, enter line 25 as a positive number in line 40. If line 25 is zero or positive, enter zero in line 40.)	+	
41.	TOTAL ALLOWANCES	=	

STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM INCOME			
TOTAL INCOME (from line 35)			
TOTAL ALLOWANCES (from line 41)	-		
42. Available income (AI)	=		
43. Assessment of AI	×	.50	
44. STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM AI If negative, enter zero.	=		

STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS			
45. Cash, savings, and checking (FAFSA/SAR #40)			
46. Net worth of investments* (FAFSA/SAR #41)			
If negative, enter zero	+		
47. Net worth of business and/or investment farm (FAFSA/SAR #42)			
If negative, enter zero.	+		
48. Net worth (sum of lines 45 through 47)	=		
49. Assessment rate	×		
50. STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSE	ETS		

EXPECTED FAMILY CONTRIBUTION			
PARENTS' CONTRIBUTION (from line 28)			
STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM AI (from line 44)	+		
STUDENT'S CONTRIBUTION FROM ASSETS (from line 50)	+		
51. EXPECTED FAMILY CONTRIBUTION (standard contribution for nine-month enrollment)** If negative, enter zero.	=		

^{*}Do *not* include the student's home.

Note: Do <u>not</u> complete the shaded areas; asset information is not required in the simplified formula.

^{**}To calculate the EFC for other than nine-month enrollment, see the next page.

Note: Use this additional page to prorate the EFC only if the student will be enrolled for other than nine months and only to determine the student's need for Campus-Based aid or a Direct Subsidized Loan. Do not use this page to prorate the EFC for a Federal Pell Grant or TEACH Grant. The EFC for the Federal Pell Grant Program is the nine-month EFC used in conjunction with the cost of attendance to determine a Federal Pell Grant award from the Payment or Disbursement Schedule.

SIMPLIFIED WORKSHEET	Λ
Page 3	

	Calculation of Parents' Contribution for a Student Enrolled LESS than Nine Mont	hs	
A1.	Parents' contribution (standard contribution for nine-month enrollment, from line 28)		
A2.	Divide by 9.	÷	9
A3.	Parents' contribution per month	=	
A4.	Multiply by number of months of enrollment.	×	
A5.	Parents' contribution for LESS than nine-month enrollment	=	

Calculation of Parents' Contribution for a Student Enrolled MORE than Nine M	Ionths	
B1. Parents' adjusted available income (AAI) (from line 25—may be a negative number)		
B2. Difference between the income protection allowance for a family of four and a family of five, with one in college	+	5,280
B3. Alternate parents' AAI for more than nine-month enrollment (line B1 + line B2)	=	
B4. Total parents' contribution from alternate AAI (calculate using Table A6)		
B5. Number in college (FAFSA/SAR #73)	÷	
B6. Alternate parents' contribution for student (line B4 divided by line B5)	=	
B7. Standard parents' contribution for the student for nine-month enrollment (from line 28)	-	
B8. Difference (line B6 minus line B7)	=	
B9. Divide line B8 by 12 months.	÷	12
B10. Parents' contribution per month	=	
B11. Number of months student will be enrolled that exceed nine	×	
B12. Adjustment to parents' contribution for months that exceed nine (Multiply line B10 by line B11.)	=	
B13. Standard parents' contribution for nine-month enrollment (from line 28)	+	
B14. Parents' contribution for MORE than nine-month enrollment	=	

Calculation of Student's Contribution from Available Income (AI) for a Student Enrolled LESS than Nine Months*				
C1. Student's contribution from AI (Standard contribution for nine-month enrollment, from line 44.)				
C2. Divide by 9. ÷	9			
C3. Student's contribution from AI per month =				
C4. Multiply by number of months of enrollment.				
C5. Student's contribution from AI for LESS than nine-month enrollment =				

^{*}For students enrolled more than nine months, the standard contribution from AI is used (the amount from line 44).

Use next page to calculate total EFC for enrollment periods other than nine months.



Calculation of Total Expected Family Contribution for Periods of Enrollment Other than Nine Months				
 Parents' Contribution—use ONE appropriate amount from previous page: Enter amount from line A5 for enrollment periods less than nine months OR Enter amount from line B14 for enrollment periods greater than nine months. 				
Student's Contribution from Available Income—use ONE appropriate amount from previous page: • Enter amount from line C5 for enrollment periods less than nine months OR • Enter amount from line 44 for enrollment periods greater than nine months.	+			
Expected Family Contribution for periods of enrollment other than nine months	=			

Table A1: State and Other Tax Allowance

for EFC Formula A Worksheet (parents only)

G	Percent of Total Income		a	Percent of Total Income	
State	\$0 - \$14,999	\$15,000 or more	State	\$0 - \$14,999	\$15,000 or more
Alabama	3%	2%	Montana	5%	4%
Alaska	2%	1%	Nebraska	5%	4%
American Samoa	3%	2%	Nevada	2%	1%
Arizona	4%	3%	New Hampshire	4%	3%
Arkansas	4%	3%	New Jersey	9%	8%
California	8%	7%	New Mexico	3%	2%
Canada and Canadian Provinces	3%	2%	New York	9%	8%
Colorado	4%	3%	North Carolina	5%	4%
Connecticut	9%	8%	North Dakota	2%	1%
Delaware	5%	4%	Northern Mariana Islands	3%	2%
District of Columbia	7%	6%	Ohio	5%	4%
Federated States of Micronesia	3%	2%	Oklahoma	3%	2%
Florida	3%	2%	Oregon	7%	6%
Georgia	5%	4%	Palau	3%	2%
Guam	3%	2%	Pennsylvania	5%	4%
Hawaii	5%	4%	Puerto Rico	3%	2%
Idaho	5%	4%	Rhode Island	6%	5%
Illinois	5%	4%	South Carolina	4%	3%
Indiana	4%	3%	South Dakota	2%	1%
Iowa	5%	4%	Tennessee	2%	1%
Kansas	4%	3%	Texas	3%	2%
Kentucky	5%	4%	Utah	5%	4%
Louisiana	3%	2%	Vermont	6%	5%
Maine	6%	5%	Virgin Islands	3%	2%
Marshall Islands	3%	2%	Virginia	6%	5%
Maryland	8%	7%	Washington	3%	2%
Massachusetts	7%	6%	West Virginia	3%	2%
Mexico	3%	2%	Wisconsin	6%	5%
Michigan	4%	3%	Wyoming	2%	1%
Minnesota	6%	5%	Blank or Invalid State	3%	2%
Mississippi	3%	2%	Other	3%	2%
Missouri	5%	4%			

To calculate the state and other tax allowance (EFC Formula A Worksheet, line 9), multiply the parents' total income (EFC Formula A Worksheet, line 7) by the appropriate percentage from the table above. Use the parents' state of legal residence (FAFSA/SAR #69). If this item is blank or invalid, use the student's state of legal residence (FAFSA/SAR #18). If both items are blank or invalid, use the state in the student's mailing address (FAFSA/SAR #6). If all three items are blank or invalid, use the percentage for a blank or invalid state above.

Table A2: Social Security Tax				
Income Earned from Work* Social Security Tax				
\$0 - \$128,400	7.65% of income			
\$128,401 to \$200,000	\$9,822.60 + 1.45% of amount over \$128,400			
\$200,001 or greater	\$10,860.80 + 2.35% of amount over \$200,000			

^{*}Calculate separately the Social Security tax of parent 1, parent 2, and the student.

Parent 1 (father/mother/stepparent) 2018 income earned from work is FAFSA/SAR #86. Parent 2 (father/mother/stepparent) 2018 income earned from work is FAFSA/SAR #87. Student's 2018 income earned from work is FAFSA/SAR#38. Social Security tax will never be less than zero.

Table A3: Income Protection Allowance						
Number in parents' household, including	Number of college students in the household (FAFSA/SAR #7.					
student (FAFSA/SAR #72)	1 2 3 4 5					
2	\$19,080	\$15,810	not applicable	not applicable	not applicable	
3	\$23,760	\$20,510	\$17,250	not applicable	not applicable	
4	\$29,340	\$26,080	\$22,830	\$19,570	not applicable	
5	\$34,620	\$31,350	\$28,110	\$24,840	\$21,600	
6	\$40,490	\$37,230	\$33,980	\$30,720	\$27,470	

Note: For each additional household member, add \$4,570.

For each additional college student (except parents), subtract \$3,250.

Table A4: Business/Farm Net Worth Adjustment for EFC Formula A Worksheet (parents only)				
If the net worth of a business or farm is—	Then the adjusted net worth is—			
Less than \$1	\$0			
\$1 to \$135,000	40% of net worth of business/farm			
\$135,001 to \$410,000	\$54,000 + 50% of net worth over \$135,000			
\$410,001 to \$680,000	\$191,500 + 60% of net worth over \$410,000			
\$680,001 or more	\$353,500 + 100% of net worth over \$680,000			

Table A5: Parents' Education Savings and Asset Protection Allowance

for EFC Formula A Worksheet (parents only)

Age of older parent as of 12/31/2020*	Allowance if there are two parents**	Allowance if there is only one parent	Age of older parent as of 12/31/2020*	Allowance if there are two parents**	Allowance if there is only one parent
25 or less	\$0	\$0	46	\$5,700	\$1,900
26	300	100	47	5,800	1,900
27	700	200	48	6,000	2,000
28	1,000	300	49	6,100	2,000
29	1,300	500	50	6,300	2,100
30	1,600	600	51	6,400	2,100
31	2,000	700	52	6,600	2,200
32	2,300	800	53	6,800	2,200
33	2,600	900	54	6,900	2,300
34	2,900	1,000	55	7,100	2,300
35	3,300	1,100	56	7,300	2,400
36	3,600	1,200	57	7,500	2,500
37	3,900	1,400	58	7,700	2,500
38	4,200	1,500	59	7,900	2,600
39	4,600	1,600	60	8,200	2,700
40	4,900	1,700	61	8,400	2,700
41	5,100	1,700	62	8,600	2,800
42	5,200	1,700	63	8,900	2,900
43	5,300	1,800	64	9,200	2,900
44	5,400	1,800	65 or older	9,400	3,000
45	5,500	1,900			

^{*} Determine the age of the older parent listed in FAFSA/SAR #63 and #67 as of 12/31/2020. If no parent date of birth is provided, use age 45.

^{**} Use the two parent allowance when the parents' marital status listed in FAFSA/SAR #58 is "Married or remarried" or "Unmarried and both legal parents living together."

Table A6: Parents' Contribution from AAI				
If the parents' AAI is —	Then the parents' contribution from AAI is—			
Less than -\$3,409	-\$750			
\$-3,409 to \$17,000	22% of AAI			
\$17,001 to \$21,400	\$3,740 + 25% of AAI over \$17,000			
\$21,401 to \$25,700	\$4,840 + 29% of AAI over \$21,400			
\$25,701 to \$30,100	\$6,087 + 34% of AAI over \$25,700			
\$30,101 to \$34,500	\$7,583 + 40% of AAI over \$30,100			
\$34,501 or more	\$9,343 + 47% of AAI over \$34,500			

Table A7: State and Other Tax Allowance

for EFC Formula A Worksheet (student only)

State	Percent	State	Percent	
Alabama	2%	Montana	3%	
Alaska	0%	Nebraska	3%	
American Samoa	2%	Nevada	1%	
Arizona	2%	New Hampshire	1%	
Arkansas	3%	New Jersey	5%	
California	6%	New Mexico	2%	
Canada and Canadian Provinces	2%	New York	7%	
Colorado	3%	North Carolina	3%	
Connecticut	5%	North Dakota	1%	
Delaware	3%	Northern Mariana Islands	2%	
District of Columbia	6%	Ohio	3%	
Federated States of Micronesia	2%	Oklahoma	2%	
Florida	1%	Oregon	5%	
Georgia	3%	Palau	2%	
Guam	2%	Pennsylvania	3%	
Hawaii	4%	Puerto Rico	2%	
Idaho	3%	Rhode Island	3%	
Illinois	3%	South Carolina	3%	
Indiana	3%	South Dakota	1%	
Iowa	3%	Tennessee	1%	
Kansas	2%	Texas	1%	
Kentucky	4%	Utah	3%	
Louisiana	2%	Vermont	3%	
Maine	3%	Virgin Islands	2%	
Marshall Islands	2%	Virginia	4%	
Maryland	6%	Washington	1%	
Massachusetts	4%	West Virginia	3%	
Mexico	2%	Wisconsin	4%	
Michigan	3%	Wyoming	1%	
Minnesota	5%	Blank or Invalid State	2%	
Mississippi	2%	Other	2%	
Missouri	3%			

To calculate the state and other tax allowance (EFC Formula A Worksheet, line 37), multiply the student's total income (EFC Formula A Worksheet, line 35) by the appropriate percentage from the table above. Use the student's state of legal residence (FAFSA/SAR #18). If this item is blank or invalid, use the state in the student's mailing address (FAFSA/SAR #6). If both items are blank or invalid, use the parents's state of legal residence (FAFSA/SAR #69). If all three items are blank or invalid, use the percentage for a blank or invalid state above.